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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Two German cruisers have been ordered to Apia —— Bradstreets reports continued strength of the business situation, notwithstanding falling off in value of agricultural exports. —— The verdict in the Quay case was not guilty. —— The Governor of Pennsylvania has appointed M. S. Quay U. S. Senator to fill the vacancy until the Legislature meets. —— It is denied that any negro was present at the dinner in New York given by the Chicago Platform Democrats. —— The First N. C. regiment will be mustered out at Savannah to-day and the companies will leave for their homes; the officers will present a silver service to Gov. Russell. —— Fire at Blackshear, Ga., destroyed the post-office and business houses; loss about $25,000. —— Two million feet of lumber burned at Quitman, Ga. —— Gen. Otis cables from Manila that the troops are abundantly supplied and the sick, including wounded, number only seven per cent. of the command, —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 3½ per cent, the last loan being at 4 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6¼c; flour was firm for low grade winter, but easier on spring patents; wheat—spot weak, No. 2 red 82½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 42½@42½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 33c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine steady at 42½@43c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau,
Wilmington, N. C., April 21.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 57 deg.; 8 P. M., 62 deg.; maximum, 69 deg.; minimum, 50 deg.; mean, 60 deg.

Rainfall for the day, 0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 3 40.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

A severe storm with heavy rain, prevails in the lower Mississippi valley and the western districts, followed by much lower temperature. Russellville, Ark., reports a rainfall of 1.80 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—For North Carolina—Fair in eastern, rain in western portion Saturday; brisk east winds; partly cloudy Sunday with cooler in western portion.

Port Almanac—April 22.

Sun Rises	5.19 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.37 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 18 M.
High Water at Southport	5.10 A M.
High Water, Wilmington	8 40 A M.

About seventy-five per cent. of the white people in the Samoas are Germans, which is probably what has put the idea in the head of Consul Rose, that they own the islands.

Those people who contend that the canned beef supplied our soldiers was not unfit for food, have unbounded confidence in the robustness of the American soldier's stomach.

General Shafter thinks it may be necessary to kill half the Filipinos before we can assimilate them and lift the others from brutality to our high plane of civilization. What a daisy missionary Shafter would make.

Robert B. Halligan, that Chicago broker, who thought he was the richest man in the world, and had more copper mines than he could shake a stick at, has just died in a lunatic asylum sticking to his delusion to the last.

Great Britain's expenditures have increased about $100,000,000 in the past four years, made necessary to protect her "colonies." If we proceed on the expansion line we, too, may expect to see the millions of expenditures piled up.

If Tom Reed has been made that $50,000 a year guarantee to go into the law business in New York, it is about six times better than mauling a Speaker's desk in Washington and more durable. If Tom is the sensible fellow we think he is he will bite.

One Missouri editor who poked fun at Booneville, was reminded by a Booneville editor that he should talk kindly and respectfully of Booneville, as he was wearing a Booneville shirt. This is at least an assurance than some editors in that State can afford to wear shirts.

Now the Minneapolis beer biber is in it. A fellow out there advertises tablets, one of which dropped into a glass of water will turn it into sparkling beer. With a vest pocket ful of these a man might always carry around a barrel or two of beer with him, and run his own saloon.

Mr. Kelly, of Hall county, Ga., showed high appreciation of the family into which he married by marrying three sisters in succession, all within ten months, and the family seems to have reciprocated with a high appreciation of Mr. Kelly. But there was a monotonous repetition and an extraordinary celerity in these proceedings which do not strike the disinterested observer as just the orthodox style of doing.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The members of the Sunday school of St. John's Episcopal Church, were given a highly enjoyable festival last night in the parish house.

— The schooner *Chas. D. Hall*, from New York, arrived yesterday to Messrs. Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., with a cargo of coal to Mr. J. H. Taylor.

— President James F. Post, Jr., and the entertainment committee of the Atlantic Yacht Club have engaged the Baltimore string band to furnish music at the club house on Wrightsville beach during the coming season.

— There was an alarm of fire at 3.19 P. M. yesterday from box 34. The trouble was at No. 420 Market street, owned by Mr. M. J. Heyer and occudied by H. H. Tate, colored. The fire was caused by a defective flue and the damage was very slight.

— Lou Davis, colored, was the only unfortunate before Mayor Waddell yesterday morning. She was drunk and disorderly in "Paddy's Hollow" Thursday night and will pay the penalty for her offence with a thirty days sentence in the guard house.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

King Grocery Co.—Dainty foods.
Opera House—Emma Warren Co.
Mercer & Evans—Hygienic shoes.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Geo. S. Fowler, of Washington, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Editor C. Ed. Taylor, of the Southport *Standard*, spent last night in the city.

— Bruce Williams, Esq., of Burgaw, was in the city on professional business yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Badon has returned from a business visit of several days duration to Macon, Ga.

— Messrs. Theodore Meyer and Chas. Schuister, of Fort Caswell, are registered at The Orton.

— Mr. J. A. Westbrook and Mr. J. S. Westbrook, of Mount Olive, spent several hours in the city yesterday.

— Capt. Robert Green's friends were again greeting him on the streets yesterday, after a slight illness of several days.

— Mr. W. L. Hill, of Warsaw, president of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association, spent several hours in the city yesterday on business connected with truck and berry shipments.

— Rev. A. P. Tyer left yesterday for Carver's Creek Church, in Columbus county, where he will conduct a quarterly meeting in the stead of Presiding Elder R. F. Bumpass who will preach at Grace Church Sunday, morning and evening.

— Rev. Dr. and Mrs. D. M. Henkel, of Catawissa, Pennsylvania, having spent the Winter in Florida, are at present in this city and are the guests of Rev. and Mrs. Bernheim. Dr. Henkel will preach in St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church on Sunday morning.

"HOGAN'S ALLEY" LAST NIGHT.

The Performance Witnessed by a Good Audience—All Were Pleased.

A good-sized audience spent a very pleasant evening at the Opera House last night, the attraction being Gilmore & Leonard's nonsensicality, "Hogan's Alley." The three acts—"Arrival of Hogan," "Hogan's Reception" and "A Hot Time in the Alley"—were brimfull of fun.

There were quite a number of catchy specialties, notably "Song and Acrobatic Dances," "German Songs and Eccentricities," "Sidewalk Conversation," "The Military Girls," and "The Stars and Stripes Forever," the latter being rendered by the whole company. "Hogan's Alley" will be remembered by their Wilmington patrons as a good vaudeville attraction.

Fine Specimen of Early Potatoes.

The STAR received last night the finest specimen of early Irish potatoes seen here during this season. The plant measures about twelve inches from "tip to tip;" has more than a dozen young tubers, and was raised by Mr. C. S. Garrell, of Mount Tabor, Columbus county. He has about five acres in potatoes at his farm and expects to make good shipments by May 20th. Mr. C. S. Garrell is a brother of Mr. J. F. Garrell, of this city, one of Wilmington's most successful truckers and enterprising business men.

Hearing at Whiteville.

Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., returned yesterday afternoon from Whiteville, in Columbus county, where he went as counsel for Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy in the hearing for contestant in the election case. He expressed himself as well satisfied with the evidence submitted there, and thinks the cause of Mr. Bellamy was not weakened by the result of the investigation.

Last day of bargains at Rehder's. †

Last day of Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

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YESTERDAY'S SESSION

Plaintiff's Evidence Before Inter-State Commerce Commission Completed.

CASE CONTINUED TILL MAY 15.

Will Be Taken Up in Washington—Several Prominent Business Men and Railroad Officials Testified Yesterday—Other News Notes.

The testimony of several leading merchants and other business men of Wilmington was taken yesterday before the Inter-State Commerce Commission, in special session here for the purpose of investigating the charges of freight discrimination against Wilmington and in favor of Norfolk, Richmond and other Virginia cities. Business men who testified were J. Allen Taylor (president of the Wilmington Tariff Association, the plaintiff in the suit), Mr. W. E. Worth, Mr. D. L. Gore, Mr. G. J. Boney and Mr. M. W. Jacobi. The following railroad officials were also examined: Mr. C. R. Kapps, general freight agent for the S. A. L; Mr. H. W. B. Glover, traffic manager for the S. A. L.; Mr. E. B. Hotchkiss, general freight agent for the C. & O.; Mr. Harry Walters, president of the Atlantic Coast Line.

Judge Day, as counsel for the the Tariff Association, rested his case at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. At the request of defendant's counsel the further hearing of the case was postponed until May 15th in Washington, D. C.

The first business man called on the stand yesterday morning was Mr. J. Allen Taylor, who testified that he has been in business in this city for 18 years; that during that time the territory for which Wilmington is the wholesale distributing point has gradually decreased; that the reason for this is that the freight rates are more favorable to Richmond and Norfolk than for Wilmington; that Wilmington merchants can buy goods at the point of production as cheaply as Richmond or Norfolk can, the difference in freight rates to Carolina points from Norfolk and Richmond as against those given to Wilmington enabling the Virginia wholesale merchants to place their goods in North Carolina cheaper than merchants of this city can.

As an illustration Mr. Taylor testified that at one time he had a large wholesale flour trade in Maxton, N. C., but that now Maxton merchants cannot buy their flour in Wilmington for the reason that Richmond merchants can deliver their flour to Maxton cheaper than Wilmington merchants can, although Maxton is only 87 miles from this city and 247 miles from Richmond. Mr. Taylor referred to the vast proportions of the cotton export industry in Wilmington (having the largest individual cotton exporter in the world), and contended that the development in other branches of commerce would materially increase could equally advantageous freight rates be obtained.

Mr. D. L. Gore, wholesale grocer, testified to much the same freight rate and wholesale trade conditions indicated in the evidence by Mr. Taylor.

Mr. G. J. Boney, of Boney & Harper's firm, was called upon the witness stand to testify as to the condition of the milling industry in Wilmington. His evidence was to the effect that much the same conditions prevailed in his business as testified to by the wholesale grocers. The rates, he said, on grain and mill products were so much more favorable to Norfolk and Richmond that the district in which the Wilmington mills can do business is limited to a very small territory, so much so that out of several mills in operation and doing good business in this city a few years ago all are closed except that of Boney & Harper, and even this one, the witness declared, is very much handicapped in business.

Mr. M. W. Jacobi, of the Jacobi Hardware Co., was introduced to testify as to the situation among Wilmington hardware dealers in the matter of extending or maintaining the territory of the wholesale trade. His evidence was to the effect that conditions very similar to those outlined by preceding witnesses exist in that business.

Mr. W. E. Worth, president of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce and a member of the firm of W. E. Worth & Co., was introduced, the principal feature of his testimony being the statement that the business in Wilmington amounted to between $35,000,000 and $40,000,000 annually.

Mr. C. R. Kapps, general freight agent, and Mr. W. H. B. Glover, general traffic manager for the Seaboard Air Line, and Mr. E. B. Hotchkiss, general freight agent for the C. and O. road, were questioned by Judge Day, counsel for the Tariff Association, with a view to showing freight discriminations against Wilmington, with what degree of success it would be hard for the uninitiated to judge. The questions and answers had to do with local and through rates for freights over the various system, each of the witnesses affirming in connection with their testimony that it is not the purpose of their roads to discriminate against Wilmington.

Mr. Harry Walters was examined as to the earnings of the Wilmington and Weldon road and certain others of the Atlantic Coast Line system, the value of stock, the dividends paid, etc., the purpose of the plaintiff's counsel being to obtain rebuttal testimony as to the answer filed by these roads that a reduction of freight rates such as demanded by the Tariff Association would bankrupt, or at least very seriously cripple them.

It was at the conclusion of the examination of Mr. Walters that counsel for the plaintiff rested their case, and Junius Davis, Esq., as counsel for the defendants, asked the postponement of the case. Mr. Davis based his request for postponement upon the grounds that he had merely taken the case for Judge Baxter, who was obliged to leave the city for his home because of sickness, and Judge Baxter having himself prepared the case he (Mr. Davis) would not assume the entire responsibility of the defence on such short notice.

There was considerable argument pro and con by counsel, the outcome of the matter being that the commission announced a continuance of the case until May 15th.

Hilton Lumber Co.'s Case.

As soon as disposition was made of the Tariff Association's suit, that of the Hilton Lumber Co., vs. the Wilmington and Weldon road was called. Claudius B. Northrop, Esq., of Charleston, appeared as counsel for the Lumber Co., and Junius Davis, Esq., represented the railroad. The reading of the complaint was dispensed with, counsel for the plaintiff stating briefly that the complaint alleged unjust discrimination in freight rates on lumber from Wilmington to Boston, New York, Philadelphia and other Northern markets, as compared with rates given to Norfolk, the rate being 16 cents from Norfolk to Boston and 26 cents from Wilmington. The court and counsel agreed before proceeding with the taking of evidence that only a portion of the testimony for the plaintiff should be taken and the case continued until May 15th, the date for the Tariff Association case.

Only four witnesses were examined. They were Mr. T. M. Emerson, traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line roads, Mr. C. R. Kapps, general freight agent, and Mr. H. W. B. Glover, traffic manager of the Seaboard Air Line and Mr. J. A. Arringdale, of the Cape Fear Lumber Co. Thereafter the court adjourned.

To-day's Programme.

This morning at 10 o'clock the members of the commission, in company with quite a party of business men, railroad officials, members of the State Corporation Commission, and others, will make a trip down the Cape Fear on board the *Navassa*, to Southport. It is purely a pleasure trip and the commission will have an opportunity incidentally to see Wilmington's splendid harbor advantages.

It will be of interest to note in this connection that Corporation Commissioners McNeill, Beddingfield and Rogers have all three attended the sittings of the Inter State Commission and listened closely to the testimony. The Inter-State Commerce Commissioners, Hon. Judson C. Clements and Hon. James D. Yoemas, clerk M. S. Decker and stenographers Frank Lyon and J. J. McAuliffe, will leave on the 7 P. M. train to-day for Washington, as will also Judge Day.

THEATRICAL AMUSEMENTS.

The Emma Warren Theatre Company Will be at the Opera House All Next Week.

The Emma Warren Theatrical Company, billed for the Wilmington Opera House all next week, comes highly recommended as an A1 popular price attraction. The Montgomery *Journal* says:

The return of Emma Warren and her excellent company of players to our city has been hailed with delight by our amusement-loving public, and no doubt a crowded house will greet her at the Opera House next Monday night. Miss Warren has been a prime favorite here for many years and her friends are counted by the score. During her appearance here in former years she gave such excellent satisfaction that packed houses were always the rule. Her company is composed of artists of ability, and her plays have been selected with care to please all.

On Monday night the entire company will appear in the sparkling comedy drama, "Married in Haste,' a play that is brim full of bright and pleasing comedy, and permits the liberal introduction of music, songs and dances. This play has never failed to delight and please all. The prices have been placed at 10, 20 and 30 cents.

The sale of seats opens this morning and ladies will be admitted free on Monday night if accompanied by a person holding a paid ticket purchased before 6 P. M. that day.

A Compliment to Mr. Post.

There was an unusual and very pleasant entertainment at the Hemenway school yesterday morning. The Baltimore String Band gave a delightful concert as a compliment to Mr. James F. Post, Jr., who is chairman of the school committee. The children of the rooms were assembled in the chapel and there were a number of visitors present. Every one thoroughly enjoyed the music.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

Following are the receipts of cotton and naval stores at this port for the week ending yesterday and for the corresponding period last year, as posted at the Exchange yesterday:

1899—Cotton, 261 bales; spirits, 142 casks; rosin, 3,385 barrels; tar, 1,318 barrels; crude, 73 barrels.

1898—Cotton, 1,387 barrels; spirits, 156 casks; rosin, 3,826 barrels; tar, 1,190 barrels; crude, 63 barrels.

Come to-day—its the last day of Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

DEPOSITIONS FOR DOCKERY FINISHED LAST NIGHT.

Hearing in Contest Case Concluded Before Notaries Wallace and Fowler—Four Witnesses Examined.

Hearing in the Bellamy-Dockery case was concluded last night before Notaries Fowler and Wallace, the time having expired, according to the law, for the taking of testimony in rebuttal.

The same attorneys were in attendance upon the hearing yesterday as on the day before, with the exception of Jno. F. Musselwhite, Esq., of Elizabethtown, for contestant, and E. K. Bryan and Geo. L. Peschau, Esqs., for contestee.

Vigorous objections were entered to parts of the testimony at certain points and noted in the evidence.

At the convening of the court in the grand jury's room in the Federal Court building in the morning at 10.15 o'clock, counsel for Mr. Bellamy filed an objection to the taking of further depositions on the ground that the ninety days allowed by law for taking depositions in the case had expired. The court, however, ruled that the taking of depositions should proceed until 12 o'clock at night.

George R. Bate, the first witness, testified as to having been a registrar in the Fifth precinct of the First Ward, at which place the negro witnesses examined Thursday testified that a crowd came in while the count was being made and overturned the lamps; he was a Republican and voted that ticket last election. During the day, voters came and cast their ballots without molestation. At the count that night a crowd of twenty-five or thirty came in and the lamps were overturned, but at no time was the room in total darkness as oil on the floor ignited and burned until candles were lighted; there were about 150 persons on the outside of the building. He knew of intimidation of voters only by hearsay; knew of destruction of Manly's printing press, but nothing of change in city government by means of an "armed revolution;" he heard that the Wright administration was asked to resign.

Geo. Lockamy was the first witness examined at the convening of the court in the afternoon. He testified that he was a policeman during the election and on the day of the so-called riot was on duty on Fourth street in "Brooklyn" where trouble occurred; was requested by citizens to disperse two crowds of negroes standing on corners; one of the crowds obeyed his orders and dispersed, the others told him they "shouldn't move and shouldn't go anywhere." Witness testified that he went to a crowd of white men and told them the negroes told him (Lockamy) to "go to h—l." He went on his way and later heard shooting, the first he had heard that day. Witness could not say that was the beginning "of the killing that day." Of his own knowledge, witness testified that there were two persons killed that day; they were colored; the coroner reported seven killed though other reports had it that there were from ten to fifteen killed; armed white men requested him to disperse the crowd of negroes referred to.

On cross-examination he said that it was colored persons who gave him insulting answers when they were asked to disperse; he was appointed a policeman by the Republican Board of Aldermen and he was unable to disperse the crowd of negroes.

Lieut. C. H. White, the next witness, testified that he assisted in operating a rapid-fire gun purchased by the white people of Wilmington previous to the late election. The gun in question is a Colt's automatic rapid-fire and discharges 420 shots a minute. Prior to the election the gun was only in use down the river and was never fired in Wilmington. During the riot it was carried to a house known as "Manhattan Park," in which a crowd of negroes were gathered, firing at white people across the street; negroes evacuated on arrival of rapid-fire gun and one was fired on by the military. He was not in the military service at the time, but was acting as a citizen for protection of life and property.

Cross examined witness testified that he had been a resident of Wilmington all his life with exception of a few years in South Carolina; the election was as quiet as he ever saw and he saw no intimidation. The character of John R. Melton, late Chief of Police, was bad; could not believe him on oath in a matter of consequence involving himself. He was not instructed neither would he have used the rapid fire gun in question for political purposes under any consideration.

Upon conclusion of Mr. White's testimony at 6.30 o'clock P. M., an adjournment was taken until 7.30 P. M., at which time the court reassembled and Mr. Jno. P. Quelch was examined. He was asked to certify as to whether or not several papers presented were true copies of the MORNING STAR. He replied: "Not being the editor of the paper I cannot swear that these are copies of the MORNING STAR. On cross examination, he stated that the election was fair and quiet.

Hamilton Hargrove, colored, was the last witness before the adjournment at 10 o'clock. He was employed at Northrop's mill; Mr. Northrop brought a list to the mill and asked if twenty or thirty colored men had registered; did not say anything about discharging them if they voted.

On cross examination, he testified that he registered and voted in the late election; was not prepared to say that his fellow laborers did not vote. On re-direct examination he said that he thought a part of them did not vote.

Last day of bargains at Rehder's. †

DOCKERY-BELLAMY.

Testimony Taken at Raleigh in the Contested Congressional Election Case.

W. J. HARRIS ON THE STAND.

His Story Amusing But Gave Little Satisfaction to Dockery's Counsel—Hearing to Be Continued—Raleigh Company Arrives Sunday.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 21.—The evidence of Melton in the Dockery-Bellamy contest was completed this morning, and W. J. Harris was put on the stand. His testimony was of a general character, devoid of names and particulars. Here is a sample:

"You state in your answer to my last two questions that Democrats made efforts to intimidate and did intimidate. Now state any acts on the part of Democrats or the leaders of the Democratic party, calculated to intimidate, and which did intimidate, Republican voters?"

Answer—"They just simply said they are going to carry this election, let it cost what it may, and everybody lost their heads in the Democratic party, it looked to me like. And talking about being intimidated, I ain't very big, but long about election time the way they would guy me I didn't feel bigger than my thumb—not only me but everybody connected with the Republican party. I have heard them make different remarks about the chief of police, Mr. Bryan, superintendent of the streets, and the mayor, and in fact any one that was any ways inclined to be a Republican."

Bellamy and Busbee had for some time been openly amused, but Dockery's counsel showed annoyance. He tersely told the witness to quit generalizing and mention some specific acts of intimidation on the part of the Democratic party, or leaders of the party. "Well," inevitably commenced the witness, "there was threats made about different ones if they even registered that they would lose their job, and you could see guns carried around. If you had been there, you would certainly have thought they armed themselves with guns. Just after the election there was plenty of arms there in Democrats' hands. Before the election it was a common occurrence to see them carrying Winchesters around the streets. I should judge they were carrying them home." Thus the witness went on to the end of his testimony. The hearing will be continued to-morrow.

Baptist University.

Trustees of the Baptist Female University met here to-day and elected Prof. J. C. Blasingame, of Tennessee, as President. Prof. Blasingame is now president of the Holbrook Normal College, near Knoxville. He is 32 years old, a graduate of the University of Georgia and the Chicago University.

The Raleigh company, in the First North Carolina regiment, will leave Savannah to-morrow afternoon and arrive here Sunday morning. They will be given a big reception.

The Wilmington Paint and Powder Club played here to night to a crowded house.

NEW KEITH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Dedicatory Sermon by Rev. A. D. McClure. Mr. James Monroe's Handsome Gift.

Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, has been invited by the congregation to deliver the dedicatory sermon at the dedication of the new Keith Presbyterian Church near Burgaw in Pender county which will take place on the first Sunday in June.

This church was organized during the recent evangelical work of Rev. Jno. Stanly Thomas, in Pender county, and the prospects for a large membership and a flourishing church are very encouraging. The exercises at the dedication will be interesting and a large crowd is expected to be present.

Mr. James W. Monroe, of Wilmington, has presented the church with a costly and handsome communion set as a testimonial for his mother, who was a member of the Keith Church many years ago.

Justice McGowan's Court.

Riley Faison, colored, one of the hands employed on the steamer *A. P. Hurt*, was arraigned in Justic McGowan's court yesterday for assault and battery upon one of his co-laborers. The negroes engaged in a quarrel over the payment of a small amount of money yesterday morning and when the patience of Faison was exhausted, he made the air around the *Hurt's* wharf dense with brick-bats. Justice McGowan held him in the sum of $25 for his appearance at the June term of the Circuit Criminal Court.

Other cases tried by Justice McGowan yesterday were: Procena Joseph, a Syrian woman, for cursing and abusing another woman of the same race; judgment suspended on payment of costs. Rosa Turner and Bella Turner, both colored, were brought up for assault and battery, but their cases were continued until to-day.

Last day of bargains at Rehder's. †

Last day of Bargain Week at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

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Dainty Breakfast Foods

In all kinds of cereals, Cakes, Crackers, Jellies and Preserves are most acceptable to the palate during the Spring and Summer months, when meats should be avoided as much as possible.

We have a fresh lot of Graham Wafers and Butter Thins at 15c per pound, and Walnut Bon Bons and Charlotte Russe Cakes at 20c, besides other fancy Cakes and Crackers. With these you would want the best Creamery Butter—we have it at 25c per pound. If you want something heartier, try one of our PREMIUM or GOLD BAND Sugar Cured Hams or Bacon at 12c per pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
'Phone 287. B. F. KING, MANAGER. Fourth Street Bridge.
apr 22 tf

FOR STRAWBERRY SHIPMENT

W. & W. Railroad Company Has Announced Schedule of Extra Trains for the Movement of Truck Crops.

Officials of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad have announced a very convenient and what is thought to be a highly satisfactory schedule of extra trains for the handling of the berry and early vegetable crops along its line.

Three trains have been arranged for, leaving Wilmington at 7.30, 9.45 and 11.30 o'clock A. M., respectively, and leaving South Rocky Mount at 7.05, 5.25 and 10.40 P. M., respectively.

The following towns are given in the official schedule: Wilmington, Castle Hayne, Rocky Point, Burgaw, South Washington, Wallace, Rose Hill, Magnolia, Warsaw, Faisons, Mt. Olive, Dudley, Goldsboro, Pikeville, Fremont and South Rocky Mount.

The early morning train from Wilmington is especially for the benefit of shippers at flag and intermediate stations that cannot get the benefit of the solid car train No. 80, which leaves Wilmington at 9.45 o'clock A. M. Shipments for this train must be delivered at stations before the time the train is scheduled to arrive.

Train No. 80, leaving Wilmington at 9.45 A. M., and South Rocky Mount 5.25 P. M., will handle solid cars only; that is cars containing not less than 300 crates for one destination, cars to be loaded and sealed by time train is scheduled to arrive.

Train No. 18, leaving Wilmington at 11.30 A. M., and South Rocky Mount 10.40 P. M., will take shipments in any quantity for all points when loaded in ordinary cars and in refrigerator cars when cars contain not less than 100 crates of berries for Washington, Baltimore, Phildelphia, New York, Boston, Providence, Worcester, Hartford, New Haven and Springfield, and not less than 200 crates of berries for Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Albany, Jonestown, Binghamton and Canadian points. To all other points not less than 150 crates.

The season for shipments of consequence will open next week and the new schedule is expected to go in effect within a few days.

All requisitions for cars must be made on Mr. E. Borden, Superintendent Transportation, Wilmington, N. C.

NEW BROTHERHOOD ORGANIZED.

Junior Order American Mechanics Established a Lodge Last Night.

Jeff Davis Council No. 62, Junior Order United American Mechanics, was organized last night in Odd Fellows Hall, near corner Third and Princess streets, by Deputy State Councillor R. W. Davis, of Fort Johnson Council No. 27, at Southport.

The new lodge begins with eighty-six members, and a complement of excellent officers, as follows:

Councillor—L. V. Grady.
Vice Councillor—Wm. Sneeden.
Recording Secretary—Jno. E. Wood.
Assistant Recording Secretary—A. B. Robinson.
Financial Secretary—G. C. Simmons.
Junior Past Councillor—W. E. Yopp.
Treasurer—W. E. Yopp.
Conductor—J. R. Caudle.
Inside Sentinel—A. J. Hanby.
Outside Sentinel—Wm. Tienken.
Warden—M. A. Bordeaux.
Trustees—Geo. Harriss, Jr., J. T. Burke and B. T. Powers.

Seventeen members of Fort Johnson Council accompanied Deputy Councillor Davis at Southport and assisted in the installation of the council, after which an elegant supper was spread in honor of the new brotherhood and the visiting members.

The order of American Mechanics already has a goodly number of members in the State, many of whom are prominent in the professions and in political life. It has its largest membership in the Northern States.

Jupiter Tonans Howe.

The STAR is in receipt of the following from the late "Jupiter Tonans" Howe, formerly "travelling agent and correspondent" of Manly's infamous *Record:*

I see in the STAR of the 16th instant you say that I am still connected with the *Record*. Now will you do me the kindness to say through your esteemed paper that I am in nowise connected with the *Record* or have I had any connection with it since the 10th of November, 1898, and if I have been summoned to Raleigh in the Dockery-Bellamy contest, the summons has not reached me and of that I know absolutely nothing.

Very truly yours,
JOHN T. HOWE,
1532, 15th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—14 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 10 barrels rosin, 11 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—12 casks spirits turpentine, 14 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—4 casks spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin, 7 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—3 bales cotton.

Steamer Driver—2 casks spirits turpentine, 20 barrels rosin, 50 barrels tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—18 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—1 cask spirits turpentine, 180 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar.

C. Larkins Flat—32 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 16 bales; spirits turpentine, 25 casks; rosin, 236 barrels; tar, 144 barrels; crude turpentine, 8 barrels.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, pastor; 11 A. M., "The Prodigal's Father;" at 8 P. M., "Dreaming, Daring, Doing."

The Seamen's Bethel: Regular religious services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Sunday School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8.00 P. M. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7.30 P. M. Wednesdays. Public invited to all these services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M. All are invited to these services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

The Advent Church, Sixth street, between Castle and Church. Preaching by the pastor, Elder E. Ficke, at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M., followed by a meeting of the Temperance Loyal League. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights at 7.45.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. B. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. F. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 3 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

One Week Commencing Monday April 24
THE SOUTHERN FAVORITES.
Emma Warren Theatre Co.
Monday Night, the Laughable Comedy,
"Married in Haste,"
And Percy Warren's New and Original Song Drama,
"Mother of the Girl I Love,"
Prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents.
LADIES FREE MONDAY NIGHT.
apr 21 tf

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

"Jenness Miller"
HYGIENIC
SHOES!
—FIT BEST!
—WEAR LONGEST!
—LOOK BEST!
—Cheapest in the end!
Only $3.50 Pair.

Only to be had of us!
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MERCER & EVANS.
115 Princess street.
apr 18 tf su tu th

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless tney contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 22.

ABOUT BUYING AGUINALDO.

One of the latest reports from Manila is to the effect that the commission which was sent there by President McKinley has been considering the feasibility of buying Aguinaldo, with the hope of thus putting an end to the war, as he is regarded as the most serious obstacle in the way of peace. Whether there be any foundation for this report or not, there is nothing incredible in the statement, nor would there be anything surprising in it if the attempt were made. It is not the first time that the suggestion of buying the leaders was made as the shortest, cheapest and most effective way of putting an end to hostilities and establishing American supremacy.

The Belgian consul at Manila a short while ago contributed an article to one of our magazines in which he suggested that this Government, if it made the effort, could easily find a way to placate the leaders in the opposition to the United States, bring them to terms and through them control the masses. He didn't openly suggest buying them, but that is what he meant. He put it in more guarded and less blunt phraseology.

About the same time a Philippine correspondent of *Harper's Weekly*, who is less punctilious in the use of words, made the same suggestion bluntly, stating that the easiest way to bring the Filipinos to terms was to buy the leaders. He argued that this was not only practicable, but the sensible thing.

Possibly since the commission has been personally studying the situation and becoming by contact and observation better acquainted with the people and their peculiarities, they may take a more practical and business-like view of things and hence have come to the conclusion that it would be better to invest even what might seem a pretty large sum of money in buying off the trouble-makers than to spend many millions of dollars fighting their armies, and trying to capture them, at the same time slaughtering thousands of their followers and having thousands of our soldiers killed, wounded or laid up by disease.

As this war has degenerated into a mere mercenary business, if it was ever anything else, characterized by brutal savagery on the part of our soldiers, a savagery which would be execrated from one end of this country to the other if perpetrated by the "rebels," the buying of the leaders would not at all be out of harmony with it, but on the contrary it might put an end to the opportunities for licentiousness and deeds of rapine that this country will yet blush for if it does not now. Whatever may be thought of the bribery method for ending wars, there is nothing new in it, for all nations indulge in it when they can, and in this case humanity, patriotism and morality would come to its defence—humanity that would plead to put a stop to the destruction of towns and the slaughter of their people; patriotism that protests against the disgrace that is being put upon our flag by the butcheries, vandalism and piracy carried on under it, and morality that shrinks in horror from the daily record of crimes against the God we acknowledge and the civilization of which we boast and are carrying to the "rebels," who prefer their own. War is demoralizing at its best, and in tropical countries it is fearfully so. Enough has become history already in the Philippines to show how utterly demoralizing this war has been on our troops, when they not only shoot down prisoners of war in accordance with orders, but seem to enjoy doing it, and when men who when at home were decent, well behaved, honest men plunder like brigands, boast of their pillage, and take an iconoclasts delight in destroying valuables that they cannot remove, or for which they have no use.

If buying Aguinaldo, or the whole pack of fellows who are leading the brownskinned "rebels" will put a stop to these disgraceful exhibitions of the freebooting spirit run wild, for heaven's sake, and for the sake of our country's honor, buy the last one of them and buy them quick, buy them before they become demoralized by the example of the American soldiers, and imitate them in some of the enormities and savagery that have been recorded of our soldiers by themselves. If these reports of butcheries, looting and burning were sent out by the Filipinos, or by correspondents of European papers, or by correspondents of papers in this country opposed to the policy of expansion they might be open to the suspicions of being at least exaggerated, and by many would doubtless be denounced as malicious slanders, but they come from our own men, who tell the shameful story and seem to enjoy it, and what they tell is published in our newspapers with the consent of those to whom the stories are written, and they are read not only by the American people but by the authorities who sent these soldiers to maintain our authority in the Philippines, and yet not one word of rebuke, as far as known, has gone to the commanders of these soldiers, nor have they, as far as known, taken it upon themselves to remind their soldiers that they represent a civilized country are there to uphold the flag of a civilized country, and that they must bear themselves not only bravely, as they have done, but like Christian, civilized soldiers, which they have not done, and thus set an example to the "semi-savages," whom they have been sent to "civilize" and "assimilate." As there is no intimation that the butchery or the looting will cease till something is done to stop hostilities, let Aguinaldo and his pals be bought, if that is the way to do it, and be bought quick, before the country becomes sick of the horrid history we are making in the Philippines.

CONFIDENCE IN DEWEY.

A London dispatch, speaking about the divisions in the Filipino Junta, in that city, says that while some of them are in favor of coming to some agreement with this Government, the minority insist on absolute independence. The significant statement is made in this connection that those who favor an agreement with this Government, based upon some sort of American supervision of the government of the islands, believe that if there were a personal meeting between Aguinaldo and Admiral Dewey, "in whom alone the Filipinos have confidence," it would lead to a settlement.

Dewey is one of the few men, if not the only man connected with this Philippine business who has kept a cool, level head from the start, and has not permitted himself to be carried away into extremes. While he had exclusive control or a directing influence in shaping the proceedings, no mistakes were made, and since the fighting began, while he did his full part in co-operating with the land forces, no unnecessary killing of Filipinos or destruction of property and no looting are chargeable to him. His hands are clean, and the glory he won on the first of May remains undimmed.

It is not strange, then, that the Filipinos still have confidence in him, and that he is about the only one of our representative men they have confidence in. It would be well, and the quickest way to settle this horrid business, if it were turned entirely over to Dewey and let him settle it. There is less talk and more of the right kind of brains in him than in all of the rest of them together.

A WHITEWASH.

It is said that the Court of Inquiry which has been investigating the bad beef charges will find that the charges are not sustained, that the meat was good when it was delivered and that the fault was not in the meat, but is due to the tropical heat to which the meat was exposed. This is no doubt partially true as to the refrigerated beef, which could not be expected to keep in good condition long after being removed from the vessels and exposed to the heat of a tropical sun, for refrigerated meat will not keep long anywhere in even moderately warm weather after removal from the refrigerator.

But does that explain or do away with the testimony as to the chemicals used, when it had been stoutly denied by the beef packers that chemicals had been used? Or does it explain or do away with the mass of revolting testimony about the slimy, sickening stuff called canned roast-beef, some of which had maggots in it when it was put into the cans?

A whitewashed report has been anticipated from the time this court of inquiry started in, but no report in can make can change public opinion, or in the slightest lessen the belief, now general, that much of the beef furnished our soldiers was vile stuff.

It is said that Mark Hanna has come to the conclusion that Secretary Alger should retire. Perhaps this explains the report that it is contemplated to send Alger as Ambassador to France.

RAILROAD SYSTEMS.

There are some great railroad systems in this country, some of the greatest in the world, and there will be more of them, for the tendency has been for years and still is to consolidation and absorption, the stronger corporations absorbing the weaker. One of the most remarkable illustrations of this is furnished by the Pennsylvania railroad, which began operations a little over fifty years ago with a capital of $250,000 and has grown until it is now capitalized at about $130,000,000.

It now has owned and leased lines representing an investment of $900,000,000. It has 9,000 miles of road, 4,000 engines, 4,000 passenger coaches and 160,000 freight cars. Last year it carried 71,202,695 passengers and 173,791,239 tons of freight. It employs about 100,000 men and pays in wages annually $60,000,000. Its revenues last year were $132,869,470, and the net earnings $39,960,140.

The Pennsylvania system at one time operated extensively in the South embracing what was then known as the Richmond and Danville system, now known as the Southern, which has grown immensely, and has become a great system, controlling about 5,000 miles of owned and leased roads.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— It is very improper to give aid and comfort to our enemies; yet that is precisely what all are doing who defend, support, justify and applaud the present mal-administrators of our Federal affairs, who are our worst enemies.—*Norfolk Virginian-Pilot, Dem.*

—— Perhaps it is not strictly necessary to treat the Filipinos as the British did the Dervishes, but we are rapidly depriving ourselves of the right to criticise Kitchener. Some of the sensationmongers who "harrowed up our souls" with tales of Spanish barbarity can now republish the articles with only a change of names.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, and Citizen Dem.*

—— Considering the manner of treatment our men have given prisoners taken in the Filipino war, we may expect Lieut. Gilmore of the Yorktown and his sailors will not fare very well at the hands of Aguinaldo and his generals. His chief military man is a burly savage, and we have given him too much excuse for giving reign to his savage nature. —*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— The Cuban army rolls have submitted to a winnowing process which has cut down the number entitled to pay from 40,000 to 22,604. This will give to each soldier something over $100. General Gomez will assist in the details of distribution, disarmament and disbandment. With the Cuban Assembly and the Cuban army out of the way the process toward pacification and the re-establishment of orderly industry will be greatly facilitated.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— If your want to forget all your other sorrows, get a pair of tight shoes. —*Feminine Observer.*

— Few men have sense enough to know when a cushion is to be looked at and when it is to be lolled on.—*Chicago Record.*

— "The way to sleep," says the scientist, "is to think of nothing." But this is a mistake. The way to sleep is to think it is time to get up.—*Tit-Bits.*

— The Mistress—"Mary, don't let me catch you kissing that butcher again." The Maid—"Lor', mum, I don't mean to, but you do bob aroun' so!"—*Kansas City Independent.*

— "Boy," said the great magazine editor to his nearest hireling, "run out and get me a red pencil. This story is so tinged with pessimism that a blue pencil mark does not show."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Adolph, where is the letter I left on my desk?" "I mailed it, sir." "But I hadn't put the name and the address on the envelope." "That's just it, sir—I supposed it was an anonymous letter."—*Le Petit Journal Pour Rire.*

— "Our treasury," said the chief financier, "is suffering from an overplus of drafts." "No wonder," exclaimed the Chinese Emperor, with considerable petulance. "Just think of all the open doors."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "I wonder," said the literary editor, "why some of those Wall street chromos are called securities?" "It is on the same principle," replied the dramatic critic, "that plays which won't draw are called attractions."—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.*

— Harshly Expressed: "I am determined to preserve the honor of the French army," shouted the man who had been figuring prominently in the Dreyfus case. "You're doing worse than that," answered the blunt American soldier. "You're embalming it."—*Washington Star.*

— The Stern Parent — "Mabel tells me that you have proposed to her. Is it proper for me to ask if you are in a position to marry?" The Suitor.—"Oh, you needn't be worried about that. I am in a position where nothing short of matrimony will get me out of it."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Mr. Wibbleson—"Here is a remarkable line that I found the other day in a magazine poem: "I have been young, but youth has passed from me." Miss Sneerly—"I don't see anything so remarkable about that line." Mr. Wibbleson—"Ah, but wait. The poem is signed by a woman."—*Chicago News.*

For over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Dunn *Union*: Although there have been frost, snow and ice since April came in, we learn that much of the fruit is not killed. There will be some plums, a few peaches and a fair crop of apples.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut:* In crossing over the field at Argo which produced $42 to the acre in African Limbeless cotton, we were surprised to see that that the stand had not been a good one, fully one-third of the seeds having failed to come up. If the stand had been an average one the product would have brought at least $90 per acre.

— Statesville *Mascot*: Jake Potter, of Watauga county, has three daughters, the oldest of whom has been married six times. Five of her husbands have been murdered. The second daughter has been married three times and two of her husbands were murdered. The third daughter is married, and her husband, a Federal Court visitor, is the man who gave us this information.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Robert, the 8 year old son of Mr. Jesse Pipkin, the carpenter, had a narrow escape yesterday afternoon, and as it is he is in bed with an ugly hole in his temple, from which a pistol ball was extracted last night. Robert and a small colored boy were trying to extricate the ball from an old pistol with a nail when the cap exploded and sent the ball in the temple of Robert.

— Concord *Times*: The ice factory of Mr. J. F. Dayault started up yesterday and is now running in full blast day and night. The output of the factory is 7,000 pounds per day, all of which will be consumed in Concord. —— Tom Johnson, a colored convict, escaped from the chain-gang last Sunday night, and Pink Makupson, another negro, escaped early Monday morning. Johnson was a trusty. He escaped once before and was recaptured. Makupson was in for four years for stealing money from Ed. Lewin's store, and had been on the gang only since January court. Neither of the convicts has been apprehended.

— Gastonia *Gazette*: At Orleans in Lincoln county, about eight miles above Cherryville, there is a nest of widows and widowers. Within a radius of 2½ miles so a visitor to that section reports, there are seven widowers and thirteen widows. —— As planting time draws near, it would be well for our progressive planters to consider the merit of the Jackson Limbless cotton. Mr. A. C. Eiller, the factory man at Shelby, thinks its long staple has an element of profit in it for the farmers and advises them to plant it. Mr. Perry Doyer, of Clover, planted a quarter of an acre last year and made on it a 318 pound bale which sold at the rate of $5 a bale more than ordinary cotton.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Henry Johnson, colored, went from Monroe to Wadesboro last week and did not arm himself a double barrelled health certificate and defied the quarantine officers of our neighboring town. Henry got out of that town quicker than he went into it for guns were pulled on him and several shots were fired on him because of his insolence. —— This morning Hon. R. L. Stevens had some words with Frank Marshal, colored, about carrying some water from the artesian well. The negro became angered, went off and got a rifle and advanced on Mr. Stephens with the weapon. Doubtless Mr. Stephens would have been shot had he not fought the enraged negro back. The difficulty occurred in front of J. R. Simpson & Co.'s and it was with the greatest difficulty that bystanders wrenched the gun from the hands of the negro.

SNEEZING.

It Is a Good Thing and May Often Prevent a Cold.

Sneezing, or sternutation, is one of the "normal protective reflexes," as they are called by physicians. That is to say, it is the method by which the mucous membrane of the nose endeavors to protect itself from injury. If a person inadvertently touches a very hot substance the hand is drawn away involuntarily by a sudden movement called a "reflex," but when something irritates the nasal mucous membrane the intruder cannot be escaped by withdrawing the nose, and so nature adopts another method, and tries to drive it away by expelling a strong current of air through the nostrils. This is a slower process than the sudden jerk of the hand away from an object giving pain, but it is just as involuntary and just as truly a "normal protective reflex."

A cough is of the same nature, but occurs when the irritant is lower down in the air passages.

There are many popular recipes for cutting short the impulse to sneeze, such as pressing with the tongue firmly on the roof of the mouth, grasping the end of the nose between the thumb and forefinger, or making pressure with the tip of the finger on the upper lip in its center.

It is a mistake, however, to stop a sneeze, unless one happens to be where such a paroxysm would be embarrassing, as at a dinner party or engaged in burglary. In any case, it is a mistake in a hygienic sense, for a succession of three or four sonorous sneezes often saves one from a cold in the head.

The process of sneezing is accompanied by an increased secretion from the mucous membrane, and this often washes away the microbes which were just undergoing the change, whatever it may be, that transforms them from harmless to most abominably harmful organisms.

One who feels a "cold" coming on and does not sneeze should try to induce a slight attack by tickling the nostrils with a feather or snuffing up a little black pepper or tobacco. A mixture of one part of quinine, four parts of camphor and ten parts of powdered sugar makes an excellent and harmless snuff for this purpose. After sneezing well five or six times, blow the nose thoroughly, and nine times out of ten the threatened cold will be blown away.—Youth's Companion.

An Eye For the Near Future.

A woman summoned to see her dying husband who had met with a street accident showed every sign of grief. She threw herself on the floor and howled at the top of her voice as the man died. Three days afterward she arrived in the ward arrayed in the deepest widow's weeds.

"Please, I've come for pore Walter's clothes. The Lord took 'im, but I 'ope, please God, as I'll find another."—Cornhill Magazine.

Unveiling the Past.

"I wish now," shrieked the angry young wife, "I wish now, George Whackster, you had married Luce Jones instead of me! That's what I wish!"

"I would have married her," howled the equally angry young husband, "only she wouldn't have me and you would!"—Chicago Tribune.

A REMEDY for Nasal Catarrh which is drying and exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. What is needed is that which is cleansing, soothing, protecting and healing. Such a remedy is Ely's Cream Balm. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it. The Balm when placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. A cold in the head vanishes quickly. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POISONS IN EVERYDAY FOOD.

Infinitesimal In Quantity, but Virulent if Concentrated.

One of the curious and little known facts brought to light by recent investigations is that in almost every kind of food some small amount of poison is to be found. Often the quantity is so small that chemical analysis does not reveal it, and it is only discovered by certain effects upon the human system under certain conditions. Small as these quantities of poison are, however, in comparison with the other constituents of any one food, they do exist, and are poisons of a deadly sort. Concentrated, the amount of poison that is taken into the system during an average lifetime would be sufficient to kill an army instantly. Yet the extremely minute fragments absorbed during each meal not only do no harm, but seem almost health giving. At least, it is certain that many of the most dangerous and destructive substances known exist in tangible quantities in some of the most valued foods.

Foods that contain the worst poisons in these tiny quantities may be eaten constantly without any unfortunate results. There is no more popular and widely used food than the potato. In Ireland, in certain districts, little else is eaten, and the peasants thrive wonderfully on them. Yet the potato belongs to the same botanical class as the deadly nightshade and has in it the same poisonous element.

Many other vegetables have the same curious quality. In nearly every vegetable and fruit that grows above the ground, except the cabbage class, what are known as vegetable acids exist. There is a different one in each vegetable and variety of fruit, and all are deadly poisons. Nevertheless, it would be impossible to get a sufficient quantity into the stomach at a single meal to do even the slightest injury, and the gastric juice absorbs and renders harmless these poisons unfailingly.

Tapioca is another food substance that contains poison. This has long been known. The fact was again called to the attention of scientists by Henry M. Stanley, who carried in his kit on one of his journeys in the dark continent a large quantity of tapioca, and had the opportunity to detect the danger in its use when not properly prepared. Under proper conditions tapioca is not harmful, but poison is present in it in such a large quantity that many precautions should be taken.

Even beer has its portion of poison, a substance known as picro-toxin. Lemon juice contains a virulent and dangerous element—citric acid—and in many of the lemon drops and bottles of lemon juice commercially prepared this substance is made up in the laboratory and mixed with a disregard of the way nature does it. The natural juice of the lemon is not in the least poisonous, even taken in large quantities, but lemon juice chemically made, as it frequently is for the trade, needs to be looked warily at.

Bitter almonds have poison in them to such a perceptible extent that actual cases of poisoning are on record. Strawberries and rhubarb contain oxalic acid. This, as almost everybody knows, is one of the most deadly and rapid poisons when used in any appreciable quantity. Certain people are affected quickly by even a few strawberries. Lobsters, shellfish and crabs possess an irritant poison which produces nausea, vomiting and general depression in addition to skin eruptions. In ice cream is sometimes to be found tyrotoxicon, and clam chowder, made under the best conditions, often has ptomaines of a virulent and dangerous sort.—New York Tribune.

What Did He Mean?

"Do you know," remarked the author, "that I look upon my work as extremely valuable?"

"Why so?"

"A burglar was in the house the other night and stole $1.47, about $20 worth of jewelry and the manuscript of my latest story. I fear I shall never get the last back, but I will have justice on that burglar, if we ever catch him!"

"My dear sir, no jury would ever convict him."

"Why not?"

"He would be regarded as a public benefactor."

And the author has been trying to figure out the other's meaning ever since.—Detroit Free Press.

Protect the Schools.

Let every man put on his thinking cap, and let us all put our heads together for the formation of some plan to bring all children out of factories and workshops and place them in school. Remember that the children of today are to be the men of tomorrow.—Typographical Journal.

A brick that has been soaked in water absorbs about one-fifteenth of its own weight.

The distance from New York to Santiago, Chile, may be covered in 38 days.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

April 25, Sunday 3rd after Easter, M. P., S. John's, Wilmington.
April 23, Sunday 3rd after Easter, E. P., Good Shepherd, Wilmington.
April 30, Sunday 4th after Easter, M. P., S. James', Wilmington.
May 7, Sunday 5th after Easter, Lake Waccamaw.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

Wilmington District—Second Round (in Part.)

Carver's Creek, at Carver's Creek, April 22-23.
Bladen, at Center, April 29-30.
Elizabeth, at Purdie's, April 30, May 1.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, May 3.
Wilmington, Market Street, May 4.
Clinton, at Keener's, May 6-7.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 13-14.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Haw Branch, May 16.
Kenansville Circuit, at Charity, May 20-21.
Scott's Hill, at Prospect, May 27.
Wilmington, Grace, May 28-29.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

A SONG OF GOLDEN CURLS.

Stay a little, golden curls. Twinkling eyes of blue,
Stay and see the violets, for they are kin to you.
Linger where the frolic winds around the gardens race,
Cheeks like lovely mirrors, where the red rose sees its face.

"Sweet! Sweet!"
All the birds are singing.
"Sweet! Sweet!"
The blossom bells are ringing.
Kisses from the red rose
And kisses from the white—
Kissing you good morning
And kissing you good night.

Stay a little, golden curls. Brightening eyes of blue,
The violets are listening for the lovely steps of you.
The white rose bids you welcome, the red rose calls you sweet,
And the daisies spread a carpet for the falling of your feet.

"Sweet! Sweet!"
All the birds are singing.
"Sweet! Sweet!"
The blossom bells are ringing.
Kisses from the red rose
And kisses from the white—
Kissing you good morning
And kissing you good night.

—Frank L. Stanton in Chicago Times-Herald.

Taught Him a Lesson.

He was a State street cable car conductor of most surly and disagreeable temper. When a woman carrying altogether too large a bundle for her strength boarded the car, he grumbled a running five minutes straight about the perversity of human nature in general and of the feminine sex in particular. A few moments before he had viciously kicked at a newsboy who dared stand on the platform while selling a newspaper. At Adams street a portly military looking gentleman and his wife got on the car.

"That is the smallest I have," said the military gentleman as he tendered a $5 bill for fare.

The conductor growled again and grumbled inaudibly, but finally dug into his pockets for the change. First he gave two silver dollars, then 90 cents—all in dimes—and then the balance in quarters. He seemed in an exceedingly great hurry as he handed the quarters to his passenger. The other passengers noticed it too.

Now, it so happened that in the change made a very bad quarter was given. The military gentleman was on the point of calling the surly conductor back when he discovered the latter had handed him nine instead of eight quarters. That decided him to hold his peace. He wasn't out in any event. They had ridden quite a distance when the conductor came back again.

"Didn't I give you too much change?" he inquired frowningly and in a tone that plainly insinuated, "Well, you're a nice fellow to try to beat a poor conductor."

"You did," the man said. "You gave me a very bad quarter which you were very anxious to shove on me, but as I could not possibly use it I'll give it back to you. Here it is."

The other passengers who had witnessed the whole performance laughed outright, their tantalizing sneers following the surly conductor to the door, which he opened and then slammed with a bang.—Chicago Chronicle.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5½@6		
DRY SALTED—		@	6½
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@6	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12½@		15
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	50	@	53½
Virginia Meal	52	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10½@		11½
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½@		10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔		@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½@		8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	50
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	60	@	80
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾@		1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 35
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 100 ℔ Sacks			47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Sawed	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@		5½
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
S. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Unwashed	10	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 39 cents per gallon bid for machine-made casks and 38½ cents per gallon bid for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per barrel for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.40 for Dip and $2.40 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 26½@26c; rosin, steady at $1.00, $1.05; tar firm, 95 cents; crude turpentine quiet at $1.25, $1.80@1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	25
Rosin	236
Tar	144
Crude Turpentine	8

Receipts same day last year.—44 casks spirits turpentine, 1,060 bbls rosin, 111 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 6c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 9-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 15-16 "	"
Low Middling	5 9-16 "	"
Middling	6 "	"
Good Middling	6 5-16 "	"

Same day last year middling 6c.

Receipts—18 bales; same day last year, 380.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70. Virginia—Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c.

CORN—Firm; 45 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 9 to 10c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Money on call was steady at 3½ per cent., the last loan being at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼@487 for demand and 484¾@485 for sixty days. Posted rates 485½@486 and 487½@488. Commercial bills 484@484½. Silver certificates 60@60¼. Bar silver 59⅝. Mexican dollars 47¾. Government bonds firmer. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firmer. U. S. 2's, registered, 100; U. S. 3's, registered, 108; do. coupon, 109, U. S. new 4's, registered, 129; do. coupon, 130½; U.S. old 4's, registered, 112½; do. coupon, 113¾; U. S. 5's, registered, 111¾; do. coupon, 113; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railway 5's 108¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 72; Chesapeake & Ohio 27¼; Manhattan L 124½; N. Y. Central 139¾; Reading 24; do. 1st preferred 66½; St. Paul 127¼; do. preferred 169; Southern Railway 13; do. preferred 54½; American Tobacco 224; do. preferred 143; People's Gas 126¾; Sugar 165; do. preferred 116; T. C. & Iron 65; U. S. Leather 6¾; do. preferred 73¼; Western Union 92¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine steady at 42½@43c.

CHARLESTON, April 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 38½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANN

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

NEW LIVERY.

I have received a new lot of Horses Buggies etc., and am here to do business. When you want to buy or hire give me a trial. A good supply on hand to select from at all times.

F. T. MILLS.

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STATEMENT OF

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

Wilmington, N. C.

At the Close of Business April 5th, 1899,
Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 736,097.99
Overdrafts		392 34
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,600.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd res've agt's	$ 43,957.88	
Due from other banks	145,101.65	
Cash on hand	110,369 73	299,422.26
Total		$1,142,119.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000.00
Surplus	70,000.00	
Undivided profits	20,014 78	90,014.78
Circulation		41,040.00
Deposits U. S. Treas	$ 50,000.00	
Deposits from Banks	192,230 84	
Deposits from individuals	643,443.97	885,064.81
Total		$1,142,119.59

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	April 5, '97.	April 5, '98.	April 5, '99
Total deposits	$530,000	$619,000	$886,000
Surplus and net profit	67,200	75,400	90,000

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October, 1892.

apr 11 tf

BIG G CURES YOURSELF!

Trade Mark. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

THE PLAIN OF GUISNES.

Its Transformation Into the Field of the Cloth of Gold.

Roberta B. Nelson gives a very good idea of the magnificent display of Henry VIII of England and Philip I of France when they met in good fellowship on the plain of Guisnes 380 years ago.

The king's retinue had been selected from the noblest of the kingdom. Wolsey, with his 300 followers, headed the escort, and was followed by dukes, earls, barons, bishops and knights, with their retainers. The escort numbered 4,000 horsemen, not including the queen's escort, numbering nearly 2,000 persons and 800 horses. The French king had an equally splendid retinue. King Henry and his great cavalcade were taken, on arrival at Guisnes, to the magnificent palace provided by Wolsey. There was an old palace there, and Wolsey had established himself in that, and erected one for his king. The palace was the most beautiful place imaginable. It had so many glazed windows that it looked as though built of crystal, and much of the woodwork, both inside and out, was covered with gold. All the way from the gate to the door were rows of silver statues. Inside, the walls of the chambers and halls were hung with magnificent tapestry embroidered in gold, and the ceilings were draped with white silk.

But Henry was not to spend all of his time in his fine palace, for tents had been erected on the plain, and in these the two kings and their suits were to lodge. The tents of the French king were pitched just outside the walls of the town of Ardres and extended almost to the tents of King Henry.

The tents in which the two queens were lodged were covered with cloth of gold, as were also the tents of the ladies in attendance upon them and of all members of the royal families. The effect was dazzling. Beautiful pavilions, hung with cloth of gold, dotted the plain. Banners floated everywhere; fountains of wine spouted in the bright June sunshine; horses, decorated with fluttering ribbons, pranced about gaily. So gorgeous had the dreary plain been made that it has become known in history as the "Field of the Cloth of Gold."

Misfortune In a Sneeze.

It is a superstition of the Chinese that a sneeze on New Year's eve indicates misfortune for the coming year, and to overcome this he is obliged to go to three families of different surnames and beg from each of them a little cake shaped like a tortoise, which must be eaten before midnight.

It has been known for a long time that eels' blood injected into the veins is toxic, but M. Richet has recently shown that one can vaccinate an animal against poison by injecting feeble and progressive doses of the blood. Animals thus treated can resist doses which kill animals not so immunized.

THE CITY OF BETHLEHEM.

It Is a Small and Unattractive Place at the Present Time.

It is a little city, and it does not take many people to crowd it; but, besides being the birthplace of Jesus, it is the birthplace of Israel's great warrior king, David.

Bethlehem today has barely 8,000 inhabitants and in appearance is not attractive. The streets are too narrow for vehicles—in fact, there is but one street in the town wide enough for carriages, and it is so very narrow that they cannot pass each other in it. The streets were made for foot travelers, donkeys and camels.

Bethlehem is about five miles south of Jerusalem. Leaving the larger city by the Yafa gate, we take a carriage and ride rapidly over the fine road built but a few years ago. The carriage we are in and those we meet are wretched affairs. The horses are to be pitied, first, because they are not well cared for, and, second, because their drivers are regular jehus who drive them "furiously" up hill and down. In less than an hour we are in the market place of Bethlehem, in front of the Church of the Nativity.

Let us suppose we have arrived on Christmas eve, in time to wander about and to become acquainted with the little city.

Of course it has changed in appearance since the time of the birth of Christ. It is larger and better built. Now, as then, the houses are of stone, and, as cities and customs change but little in the east, we may safely infer that modern Bethlehem houses are much like those of 1,900 years ago. Perhaps some of the old buildings that were in existence so long ago may still be standing. Of course the great Church of the Nativity was not then erected, nor were any of the large religious buildings we see. These are the memorials of a later date, built in honor of him whose earthly life began here. One would have to be unmindful of his surroundings and very unimaginative not to wonder what the place was like on that night the anniversary of which we are celebrating.

We know that then, as on this Dec. 24, it was filled with people. But those people had come for a different purpose. Augustus Cæsar, the master of the then known world, had issued an imperial decree ordering a general registration of all his subjects. This was for the purpose of revising or completing the tax lists. According to Roman law, people were to register in their own cities—that is, the city in which they lived or to which their village or town was attached. According to Jewish methods, they would register by tribes, families and the houses of their fathers. Joseph and Mary were Jews and conformed to the Jewish custom. It was well known that he and Mary were of the tribe of Judah and family of David and that Bethlehem was their ancestral home. Accordingly they left the Nazareth home, in the territory of Zebulun, and came to David's "own city," in the territory of Judah.

They came down the east bank of the Jordan, crossed the river at Jericho and came up among the Judæan hills and valleys till they reached Bethlehem. It was a long journey and a wearisome one, and on arriving a place of rest was the first thing sought. Evidently they had no friends living in the place, or, if they had, their houses were already filled. It was necessary that shelter be had and immediately. In the khan, or inn, there was no room. So there was nothing to do but occupy a part of the space provided for cattle. It was not an unusual thing to do and is often done today in these eastern villages. In fact, they were about as comfortable there as in any khan. At a khan one may procure a cup of coffee and place to lie down on the floor, but each guest provides his own bed and covering. This was all Joseph and Mary could have obtained in the inn had there been room for them. And here in Bethlehem, in a stable, or a cave used for stabling animals, Jesus was born, and Mary "wrapped him in swaddling clothes and laid him in a manger."—Edwin S. Wallace in St. Nicholas.

His Views of Harrow.

One of Du Maurier's favorite views was from his study window at Hampstead, across his own lawn, to the landscape surrounding Harrow. On one occasion an American visited the artist, and the latter was showing his guest about the place. "There," he exclaimed, on arriving at the study window, "that is the prettiest thing of all. That is Harrow." The visitor looked out of the window for a few seconds, but his gaze rested, not on the view, but on a mowing machine which happened to be on the lawn. "Harrow!" he echoed inquiringly. "Yes," repeated the artist, keeping his eyes riveted on the view, "Harrow." "Is that so?" questioned the practical American. "Well, now, do you know, I took it for a lawn mower." And it was said in all seriousness too.—Westminster Gazette.

Preaching Brought Forth Fruit.

Bacon—I have great confidence in that minister of ours.

Egbert—What gave it to you?

"Well, you know, I wanted $5 to pay an installment on my bicycle. I didn't know where in the world it was coming from. I went to church, and the minister recommended us to search the Scriptures. I went home and did, and I found $5 my wife had hidden away in the family Bible."—Yonkers Statesman.

The Romans had a general military distinction, the olive crown. In its nature it was like a British medal "for valor" and was given to such soldiers as in battle distinguished themselves by especial acts of bravery.

The mosquito's buzzing has been a source of much contention among mosquito scientists. It is undoubtedly due to the vibration of the wings and their friction against some portion of the mosquito's body.

Among the peasants of Holland the gift of a straw between lovers is considered as indicating a hope of concord; finding a broken straw symbolizes a coming quarrel.

SECONDHAND PHOTOGRAPHS.

No Matter of What Kind, They Are Marketable.

"It must be a singularly useless article that can't be sold in this city for some purpose to somebody," remarked the casual observer to a friend. "I was passing a little old secondhand bookstore and general junkshop this morning when my attention was attracted by a big box outside filled with all sorts of old photographs. Over the box was the inscription, 'One Cent Each.' I stopped to look at the pictures, expecting to find photographs of actors, public men or views of well known places, but there was nothing of the kind among the lot. They were simply the secondhand stock of the cheapest east side 'photograph parlors'—you know the variety—pictures of bridal couples in full regalia, stiff and unhappy looking family groups, and the usual number of portraits of young men and women whose toughness is somehow apparent in spite of their mild expressions and best clothes. Well, my curiosity got the better of me, and I couldn't help stepping in to ask the proprietor who bought such things and what they were used for. On the latter point his ideas were rather vague. The chief interest for him lay in the fact that there was a certain amount of sale for them. One man, he said, had just bought a hundred of the photographs, to be used for 'theatrical purposes.' He thought that was what they were mostly used for, but didn't know just how it was done. So I have been wondering at intervals since what dramatic end those remarkably unpicturesque pictures can possibly be made to serve. If one doesn't mind forcing his ancestors into the theatrical business against their will, it might be a good way to dispose of the dismal old photograph albums with which most families are more or less afflicted," and the casual observer went on his way. —New York Tribune.

An Anecdote of the Queen.

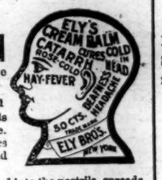
Queen Victoria, when a girl, was passionately fond of climbing walls and trees. One day at Malvern she climbed a tall apple tree and was unable to get down. A young man named Davis, a gardener, was attracted by her cries, got a ladder and brought her safely down. Deeply grateful, she opened her purse and presented him with a guinea. Davis framed it, and ever since has been proud to tell the tale and show the piece of gold which the queen gave him so many years ago.—New York Tribune.

Must Be Devoted.

Clara—Do you think he's fond of her?

Ethel—It looks like it. He cleaned her bicycle yesterday. — London Quiver.

Nasal CATARRH



In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren Street, New York.

98.

The above figures tell a remarkable story; they represent almost exactly the percentage of CURES made by

RHEUMACIDE,

the wonderful new constitutional cure for RHEUMATISM. The other two per cent were not curable, or failed to take medicine according to directions. Thousands have been cured. In view of the fact that many physicians think that rheumatism is incurable, and that most remedies fail, it must be true that RHEUMACIDE is the greatest medical discovery of the age. Particulars and testimonials of many well known people sent free to all applicants.

Manufactured by
THE BOBBITT DRUG CO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

Sold wholesale and retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.

By Druggists generally at $1.00 per bottle.

apr 18 1y tu th sa

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.

Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL

se 9 tf

Cash Paid for Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

26 cents per pound free on board cars or steamer

at Wilmington, in good sound packages

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.

ma 3 2m

Removal.

J. E. COWELL has removed his Barber Shop to Second street, between Market and Princess, corner Purcell alley. ma 10 tf

My Offering in Dry Goods, for this Week Only.

Taffeta Plaid Silks (new colors) 50c.
A line of black and white Silks—silver grey—worth 50c, for 29c; NOT ROTTEN.
Changeable Silks for lining and waists 18c.
40-inch linings in all colors at 7½c.
Mere Silk linings are 17c.
Cambrics and short lengths are 3½c.
Short lengths of Turkey Red Calico at 3c.
Fine all wool Novelties in Dress Goods, 34 inches wide, 18c.
We have all grades of Dress Goods.
A special thing in Black Crepon, 48 inches wide, at 48c.
A fine line of White Muslins (no dressing), special value, 5c.
Yard wide Bleaching, 4c.
Fine quality Sea Island Sheeting at 4 and 5c.
Splendid heavy Plaids in good colors at 3½c.
A Man's very heavy and seamless hose at 5c.
Ladies' tape neck and arm-holes Vests for 6c.
Vests trimmed with lace, tape neck and arm-holes, for 10c.
Infants' and Misses' bleached, tape neck and arm-holes, 5c.
Gent's fine Ottis' Underwear (pants and shirt) worth 50c, for 39c.
Gent's best quality Percale Shirts with two collars detached, for 50c.
Men's Madras, fast colors, well made Shirts, at 29c.
Gent's Percale Shirts (laundered) with collars attached, 25c.
Men's Drilled Drawers, well made and full size, 16c.
Gent's Straw Hats, this season's style, generally sold for 75c; my price 50c.
Men's and Boys' Malaga Hats at 9c.
A new line of Derby Hats for 50c to $2.00; up-to-date goods.
We have the largest stock of Dry Goods in Wilmington, and we want your trade, and offer all possible inducements for THE CASH.
We have just received a big line of new Chairs and Tables, and also a fine line of Crockery Ware.
P. S.—Special attraction in new Belt Buckles and Dress Trimmings, Cheap.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Proprietor.

apr 16 tf

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN

Investment.

LOCATION THE MOST ELIGIBLE IN THE TRUCK REGION OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Entire Plant of the

INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Wilmington, N. C.,

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING of three Brick Buildings, with all necessary adjuncts, One Hundred Horse-power Engine, Two Boilers, Shafting, Pulleys, Veneer Machinery and Butter-dish Dies, Basket and Crate Machinery and Shapes, Automatic Saw Mill, Rip Saws, Band-Saws and Cut-Off Saws. Also, a Brand new Planer, costing $900.

In fact, all necessary machinery for the successful manufacture of Sweet-gum Butter Dishes, Berry Baskets, Vegetable Crates, Barrels, and Packages of every kind. Modern Dry Kiln in connection.

There is also a modern, well equipped Delinting Mill in connection, fitted up with new and first-class machinery throughout, costing several thousand dollars, all of which is new, not having been operated for so much as a month. This property has a river front and wharf of 100 feet, with railroad track running into the yard.

There is an inexhaustible supply of gum and raw materials for miles in every direction tributary to this factory, and to be had at a nominal sum. The machinery is all practically new, and the owners will either sell everything outright on easy terms or will take stock in a company for the operation of this plant. This property is valuable in many respects and is capable of being converted into almost any kind of a manufactory. Freight rates to all commercial centres of the interior and coastwise cities very favorable to this point.

Apply in person or by mail to

THE MORNING STAR,
Wilmington, N. C.

apr 15 tf

GETTING RICH IS EASY ENOUGH.....

IF YOU BEGIN RIGHTLY. SAVE SOME PORTION OF YOUR WAGES WEEKLY; DEPOSIT AMOUNTS REGULARLY IN THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,

WHERE IT WILL BE PERFECTLY SECURE AND CAN BE DRAWN WHEN WANTED. IF LEFT THERE WILL ACCUMULATE BY EARNING INTEREST WITH SURPRISING RAPIDITY. INTEREST PAID ON ALL SUMS OF $5.00 OR MORE. SAVING ACCOUNTS CAN BE OPENED BY DEPOSITING TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

ma 23 tf

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD,
Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SALE.

100 bbls New River Mullets.

200 bags Coffee.

250 boxes Job Tobacco,

And lots of other goods. Write for prices or samples.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market street,
Wilmington, N. C.

ma 19 tf

Honduras Seed Rice.

Second year from imported stock. Acclimated—Hand-threshed. Sample and price on application.

A. W. REIGER,
Wilmington, N. C.

ap 9 2t*

NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance.

THE SUN ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - - $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

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THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA	Saturday,	April 22
GEO. W. CLYDE	Saturday,	April 29

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE	Saturday,	April 22
ONEIDA	Saturday,	April 29

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA	Tuesday,	April 25
GEO. W. CLYDE	Tuesday,	May 2

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y.

apr 19 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.; Laurinburg 6:32 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:45 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:06 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:13 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 8:30 A. M.

a Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 6:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 8:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:45 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 10.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:38 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:58 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 6:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:35 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 20 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 45 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
9 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m
South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m
No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 30 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

mar 28 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Rasmont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road Company will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, the 26th day of April, 1899, in accordance with a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on Wednesday, March 8th, 1899.

apr 13 tf J. F. POST, Jr., Secretary.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 17, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.18 A. M., Warsaw 11.12 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.27 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.50 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 8.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.46 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.53 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.35 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.40 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 8.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.53 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.26 P. M.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 3.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.55 A. M. and 5.30 P. M., arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.58 P. M., Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.00 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.24 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 6.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M. Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 9.28 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.35 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.50 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 22.

BUSINESS SITUATION IS STILL STRONG.

Continued Activity in Industrial Lines. Improvement in Retail Trade—Demand for Lumber.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Bradstreets', to-morrow, will say: "The general business situation is one of quiet strength, while in industrial lines activity continues unabated. The well nigh universal testimony of damage to the Winter wheat crop has had surprisingly little effect on prices as yet, owing partly to improved weather conditions strengthening the hopes of a larger area in Spring wheat, and also to good crop reports abroad and increased visible supplies as compared with a year ago encouraging foreign buyers in their neglect of American offerings. An enlarged demand for this country's manufactured products in some degree counter-balances the falling off in the value of agricultural exports, notably cereals and cotton, shown as compared with a year ago. For the month of March a drop of $18,000,000 in exports of breadstuffs, cotton, provisions, live cattle and mineral oils has been partly made up by a gain of nearly $10,000,000 in other products, leaving the net deficiency as compared with a year ago seven per cent.

Imports reflect the increased purchasing power of the country, the total for March, in fact, being the largest since May, 1867. For the nine months period exports, as a whole, are a little less than double the imports.

The cotton goods situation is still a strong one, though current demand from agents is light. Heavy orders booked for gray goods some time ago make for strength in this line, but converters complain that finished goods have not advanced proportionately. Retail distribution of stable products has been improved by more favorable weather, thus encouraging hopes of future good re-orders from wholesale hands. Following the outburst of activity in wool last week business has rather fallen off, but values remain steady.

Strength of raw sugar is a notable feature. Abroad quotations of beet sugar have been advanced, while the Cuban yield is not expected to be large, and Bradstreets' advices point to not more than half an average crop being grown in Louisiana. Raw sugar is higher on the week, but refined lags behind, though consumption is enormous.

The demand for lumber at wholesale continues good, and the Southern industry seems to be sharing to the full in the general prosperity. Retailers, however, report buyers slow to pay the advanced quotations.

Leather and hides are strong, and boots and shoes hold recent advances.

Business failures show a notable falling off from those of last week, aggregating 187, against 243 in the preceding week, 224 in this week a year ago, 216 in 1897, 240 in 1896 and 223 in 1895.

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY.

Conclusion of the Trial of Ex-Senator Matthew Stanley Quay—Other Indictments.

By Telegrapn to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—Matthew Stanley Quay was to-day declared by a jury of his peers to be not guilty of the charge of conspiring to use for his own unlawful gain and profit the funds of the State of Pennsylvania deposited in the People's Bank of this city. This verdict was announced by the foreman of the jury just as the hands of the court room time-piece pointed to 11 o'clock.

There was an attempt at demonstration, but this was sternly repressed by the court officer. The officers were unable, however, to keep back those who struggled to get to Senator Quay and congratulate him. Chairs were upset, tables were brushed aside and hats were smashed by the on-rushing crowd. Senator Quay, with a broad smile on his face, responded pleasantly to the greetings and congratulations of those who crowded around.

Senator Quay's only comment on the verdict was: "Well, I expected it."

The Remaining Indictments.

After the crowd left the court room District Attorney Rothermel was questioned regarding the remaining indictments. He said there are three of them and they are still pending, but he would not say what his course will be regarding them. In two of these indictments Senator Quay is charged with conspiring with Hopkins and Haywood, as he was in the one under which he was to-day acquitted. In the remaining indictment he is charged with conspiring jointly with his son, Richard R. Quay. This charge grows out of the loan of $100,000 to young Quay, obtained through a deposit of that much of the State money in the People's Bank.

Senator Quay's lawyers say the district attorney picked out the indictment on which he could make the best case for the trial just ended and he will not dare bring the Senator to the bar again.

Political friends of Senator Quay are urging him to bring criminal proceedings against those enemies who they claim are behind the prosecution of their favorite, but the Senator will not indicate what his course in this respect may be.

CHICAGO PLATFORM DEMOCRATS.

No Negroes Were Seated at the Jefferson Dinner in New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 21.—In the account of the Jefferson dinner by the Chicago Platform Democrats, in this, city, on the night of April 15th, the statement was made and telegraphed that colored men were present. This it is stated, is entirely incorrect, and no colored man was seated at the dinner table. When the speaking commenced a colored man and his son appeared on the platform, and upon this fact was based the statement that colored people were present and guests of the dinner, which the managing committee of the banquet state is not the fact.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SOME NEW CASES OF YELLOW FEVER

Officially Reported As Developed Yesterday in the City of Havana, Cuba.

NO AMERICANS AFFECTED.

Carlist Agents Seeking to Enlist Men for Service in Spain—Gen. Gomez Calls on Soldiers of Cuban Army to Disband—Other News.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 21.—Two new cases of yellow fever developed in Havana to day, making five officially reported. There are no Americans among them. As far as is known at the office of the chief surgeon there is only one American in Cuba with the fever, a man named Biscomb, who had been working on a plantation near Pamillas, Matanzas province. He is a discharged private.

The Carlists are moving through the island, and their agents are trying to secure men. They prefer the Cuban soldiers around Havana. Yesterday one agent was openly offering fifteen dollars a month and a free passage to Spain as inducement to join the army of Don Carlos. *La Gaceta Carlista*, a Carlist organ, recently established here, describes in its latest issue the munificence of Don Carlos and his desire to rebuild Spain, as well as to "exterminate such men as Weyler."

Senor Antonio Gonzales de Mendoza, who has been chosen president of the newly constituted Supreme Court, is one of the best known lawyers in Havana and a man respected by all classes and all parties. He is sixty-four years of age and the head of the distinguished Mendoza family. His great wealth consists largely of plantations, and his interests were preserved during the revolution owing to his contributions to both sides.

General Maximo Gomez is arranging to publish to-morrow a list of paymasters and assistants appointed at a meeting held this evening. He will say, in connection therewith, that, owing to the necessity of the establishment of a peaceful republic at the earliest possible date, the only troops needed are those of the intervening power, with the assistance of the rural guards in isolated districts. Therefore he will contend and instruct that soldiers of the Cuban army must disband and deliver their arms to their officers, who will deposit them in a suitable receptacle or museum, where they will be guarded as relics of a glorious struggle. The men are then to go to work immediately. Officials close to Gomez say that if he were offered the presidency he would probably accept.

La Discusion attacks him to-day, saying that he is not a representative of the army or the people, and that he was only elected by a few generals, "who were forced to do so by the tyrannical Americans."

Several reports are in circulation—and have been cabled to the United States—regarding the affront to Gomez yesterday, while he was returning in a launch after saying farewell to his two sons and daughter, who sailed for San Domingo; but the exact facts are these: General Gomez was hissed by some people who were standing on the roof of a house that overlooked the harbor. They waved Spanish flags, cried "Long live Weyler," and "Long live Spain," "Death to Gomez," "Death of the Americans," and "Death to the Cubans." The passengers and sailors on board the Alfonso XIII. repeated the cries. Even the papers that oppose Gomez denounce the proceeding as an outrage.

Since January 1st, 20,000 Spanish citizens have left for Spain, the Alfonso XIII. taking six hundred yesterday.

QUAY APPOINTED SENATOR.

Governor's Right to Act in the Matter Questioned—Created Excitement in Political Circles.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 21.—Immediately upon receipt of the news that Colonel Quay was acquitted of the charges against him, Governor Stone appointed him United States Senator, to fill the vacancy, until the next Legislature meets, and notified Vice President Hobart as follows:

"SIR—By virtue of the power vested in me as Executive of the State of Pennsylvania, under Article 1, Clause 2, Section 3, of the Constitution of the United States, I hereby make temporary appointment of the Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay to be United States Senator from Pennsylvania until the next meeting of the Pennsylvania Legislature, to fill the vacancy now existing in this State.

"Very respectfully,

"WM. A. STONE,

"Governor of Pennsylvania."

The authority mentioned by the Governor, says that the Governor of any State may make temporary appointment during a recess to hold until the next Legislature meets.

This interpretation is disputed by those who say that the vacancy did not occur during a recess, but while the Legislature was in session.

Mr. Quay's acquittal in Philadelphia, and his appointment to the United States senatorship created the greatest excitement in political circles here. The friends of Quay are wild with glee, and say that he has achieved two triumphs now that must certainly act in his favor.

LAKE CITY LYNCHING TRIAL.

Case Given to the Jury—Judge Brawley's Charge—A Mistrial is Generally Expected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 21.—The Lake City lynching case was given to the jury in Judge Brawley's court this afternoon. At 8.30 the jury was still out and a mistrial is generally expected.

District Attorney Lathrope concluded his argument for the government shortly before noon. Judge Brawley, in delivering his charge to the jury, shed tears when referring to the horror of the crime and the outrage of law and shame incurred by the people of Lake City. Among other things Judge Brawley said: "If it be true that the postmaster was an incompetent negro, a stranger and a resident of another county, the community that he was appointed to serve had grave and just grounds for complaint and those responsible for his appointment cannot escape the condemnation of fair-minded men for the wrong done. But this is not the issue in this case."

At midnight the jury was still out, and was said to stand seven for conviction and five for acquittal.

THE U. S. CRUISER RALEIGH.

Officers of the Vessel Royally Entertained Last Evening at the Union League Club, New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Captain J. B. Coghlan and his officers, of the United States cruiser Raleigh, were royally entertained to-night at the Union League Club. The dining-room was handsomely decorated with American and British flags and large tables were weighted with good things for the returned heroes. President E. Root presided and after an eloquent speech of welcome called for three cheers for Admiral Dewey. They were given so that the building seemed to throb in sympathy. Three mighty cheers followed for Captain Coghlan.

Almost greater than either were the shouts of approval when President Root called for three cheers for "the men behind the guns." There was a perfect furore of excitement and enthusiasm.

Captain Coghlan Responded.

Captain Coghlan was then called on to speak. He was given an ovation as he rose. He accepted it and all the good things that have been said of him and his men as being meant for Admiral Dewey. "Every day we were with him," he added, "we learned more and more to love him, and more and more how the country's interests were safe in his hands, and how he could do nothing but that which would redound to the country's credit. Through all those long weary months of waiting and the most outrageous 'nagging' that anybody could suffer, wearing him to the very bone, he held himself up and he held us up with him."

Then Captain Coghlan told the following story of his admiral: An officer of our friend, Admiral von Diederich, came down one day to make a complaint. It was my pleasure to step out on the quarter-deck just as he came aboard. It was partly by accident and partly by design. I heard him tell the admiral about his complaint and I heard the admiral reply: 'Tell your admiral those ships of his must stop when I say so. I wish to make the blockade of this harbor complete.'

The German officer said: 'But we fly the flag.'

The reply of the admiral was just like Dewey. He said: 'Those flags can be bought at half dollar a yard anywhere.'

There was no fun in that expression of the admiral. He told the officer that any one could fly a German flag and that a whole Spanish fleet might come upon him with German flags up. Then he drew back and stroked his mustache. He has a great habit of stroking his mustache when he gets mad. He said: 'Tell your admiral I am blockading here. Now note carefully what I say, and tell your admiral that I say it. I have been making this blockade as easy for everybody as I could, but I an getting tired of the puerile work here. It has been of such a character that a man would not notice it although children might fight over it, but the time has come when it must stop. Tell your admiral that the slightest infraction of any rule will mean but one thing. That will mean war. It will be so accepted and resented immediately. If your people are ready for war with the United States they can have it any time'.

I am free to admit that almost took my breath. It came so suddenly. We had expected it all along, but things you have been expecting always come unexpectedly. He left with a face about this long, (indicating by holding up his hands far apart.)

The German said to me: 'I think your admiral does not exactly understand.'

'Not only does he understand,' I told him, 'but he means what he says, and you had better look out.'

After that they did not breathe more than four times successively, without asking permission.

MRS. GEORGE'S TRIAL.

Testimony for Defence Concluded—Former Husband of Defendant Called—Argument to Begin Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CANTON, O., April 21.—The testimony on behalf of the defence in the trial of Mrs. George for the murder of George D. Saxton was concluded today. A brief cross-examination, by agreement, will be conducted to-morrow and then testimony in rebuttal will be offered. The argument will likely be commenced Monday and will occupy at least two days. The jury will probably be charged Wednesday forenoon.

The features of to-day's session were the calling of Sample C. George, former husband of the defendant; an attempt to prove an alibi for Mrs. George, and the effort to impeach the testimony of Mrs. Eckroate, who claims to have recognized Mrs. George in the act of shooting Saxton. Mr. George testified that up to the time of meeting Saxton the married life of Mrs. George and himself was happy.

ONE OF CERVERA'S SHIPS.

Wreck of the Pluton Found in Santiago Harbor—No Attempt Will Be Made to Raise It.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 21.—The wreck of the Spanish torpedo-boat destroyer Pluton, which was sunk in the great battle that resulted in the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron, was discovered yesterday about three miles west of Morro Castle in eight fathoms of water. It was found by divers from the Yankton, who made a thorough inspection, finding the hull lying on the port side and with no indication of having been struck by a heavy shell, as was originally reported. The vessel, however, is badly stove and literally riddled with six-pound shot. Evidently the Gloucester did her work well that day, for the Pluton is utterly ruined and no attempt will be made to raise her.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Philadelphia, 4; Brooklyn, 6.

New York, 1; Baltimore, 5.

Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 6.

Louisville, 11; Cleveland, 4.

Washington, 3; Boston, 7.

St. Louis, 6; Pittsburg, 5.

WHEN TRAVELING

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

FILIPINOS ATTACK THE AMERICANS.

The Enemy Checked and Routed After Two Hours Severe Fighting.

REBELS UNUSUALLY ACTIVE.

Suffered Heavy Losses—Heat Intense—Many Prostrations—Gunboats Shell the Insurgents—Americans Capture Arms, Etc.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, April 21.—A force of about two hundred rebels yesterday afternoon attacked the outposts of the Washington regiment, near Taguig, south of Pasig and Pateros. Two companies immediately engaged the enemy and advanced in skirmish order. The rebels were checked and routed after two hours fighting, leaving twelve killed on the field and seven wounded. The American troops also obtained possession of many Mauser rifles and other weapons. Three Americans were wounded.

At 6 o'clock this morning three companies of the South Dakota regiment marched from Bocave and in conjunction with three companies of the Minnesota regiment, from Guiguinto, north of Bocave, encountered a rebel force numbering fully five hundred men, when two miles out. The enemy retired three miles in fairly good order, in spite of the fact that the rebels suffered heavy losses. The Americans, having exhausted their ammunition, were compelled to return to their camps.

The heat is intense. At noon the thermometer registered 95 degrees and the mercury was still rising. There were several prostrations from the heat among the troops, but only one man was wounded.

Later, the army tugs opened fire on the enemy along the river banks.

The rebels are unusually active west of Malolos, as far as Calumpit. They have been busily at work on their trenches and several new trenches have been discovered within two miles of the railroad. Fires are burning east of the railroad and it would appear that the rebels are evacuating the foot hill towns, in anticipation of an attack upon the part of the Americans.

THE TOBACCO TRUST.

An Attachment Issued Against Sale of Stock of the Liggett & Myers Company.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 21.—An attachment for $277,200, growing out of the sale of the stock of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, of St. Louis, has been obtained by A. A. Houseman and Company, brokers, of this city. It is against Claude Kirkpatrick and John Fowler individually, and Kirkpatrick Fowler and Mitchell Scott, as trustees under the will of John E. Liggett, all of St. Louis, for commissions on procuring a purchaser for five hundred half shares of stock of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company. The brokers allege that they procured a responsible purchaser, George P. Butler, who bought the stock at a price agreed upon and accepted by the defendants, viz.: $11,000 a share, amounting to $5,505,500 and interest from January 23rd, 1899. The purchase price was paid to the defendants on April 17th.

The sheriff served the attachment upon the Central Trust Company.

COTTON STATISTICS.

Hester's Statement of the World's Visible Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, April 21.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease for the week just closed of 85,019, against a decrease of 165,660 last year and a decrease of 97,165 in 1895. The total visible is 4,135,856 bales, against 4,210,875 last week and 3,616,254 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,854,876, against 3,927,875 last week and 3,341,254 last year and of all other kinds including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 271,000, against 283,000 last week and 275,000 last year.

ORDERED TO SAMOA.

Two German Cruisers From the Fleet in Chinese Waters.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 21.—A dispatch from Shanghai to a news agency says the German protected cruiser Gefion has been ordered to proceed to Apia, Samoa, after embarking an extra supply of ammunition at Kiao Chou, China, and that another cruiser is to follow her.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The report coming from Shanghai via London that another war vessel has been ordered to Samoa was received with interest by officials here, though no particular importance was attached by them to the report, the opinion being expressed that the German government was simply making an addition to its naval representation in Samoa, so as to equal that of Great Britain, a step she had a right to take because of her commercial interests there.

FIRE AT BLACKSHEAR, GA.

Postoffice and Business Houses Burned. Loss About $25,000.

By Telegrapn to the Morning Star.

BLACKSHEAR, GA., April 21.—The postoffice and three business buildings in the heart of the town were burned this morning. The fire broke out in the Hughes brick block which was burned. The Brown House, containing a number of guests, was several times on fire, but was saved with slight damage. The total loss will amount to about $25,000, about half insured.

The total bank clearings for the week in the United States were $1,975,862,484; per cent. increase, 77.1. Outside of New York, $625,558,539; per cent increase, 3.07.

The Ninth Illinois regimen arrived at Savannah quarantine on the transport Dixie yesterday. It will go into detention camp for five days and to Augusta to be mustered out.

The Continental Tobacco Company has secured control of fifty one per cent. of the stock of the Luhman, Wilburn and Co.'s factory at Cincinnati. It is said $700,000 was paid for the controlling interest.

FIRST NORTH CAROLINA.

Will be Mustered Out To-day at Savannah and Companies Will Leave for Their Homes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., April 21.—The First North Carolina regiment of infantry will be mustered out of the service to-morrow morning. The men will leave for their homes in the afternoon. They will probably travel in companies. A notable incident of the muster out will be presentation by the officers of the regiment to the Governor of North Carolina. Governor Russell is a Republican and all of the officers are Democrats, but politics has been lost sight of and a handsome silver service will go forward to the Governor by express, accompanied by a written address. The disintegration of the command here will preclude a personal and verbal presentation. It is understood that the enlisted men will make a presentation of some sort to the commanding officers. The First North Carolina was the first regiment of American troops to enter the city of Havana. The regiment was recruited in the western part of the State.

COTTON MILL MEN.

No Conclusion Reached by the Meeting Held in Charlotte.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 21.—The weavers of fine goods did not reach any conclusion here at the meeting last night. A committee was appointed to study and report on the legal aspect of the proposed agreement. Another committee will be appointed to visit the North and confer with Northern manufacturers on the subject of prices and methods of selling.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Agents Wanted—For "The Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," the world's greatest naval hero. By Murat Halstead, the life-long friend and admirer of the nation's idol. Biggest and best book; over 500 pages, 8x10 inches; nearly 100 pages halftone illustrations; map in colors. Only $1.50. Enormous demand. Big commissions. Outfit free. Chance of a lifetime. Write quick. The Dominion Company, Caxton Bldg., Chicago. apr 18 1m

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 108 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Castor Oil, Salts, Quinine, Paregoric, Laudanum, Jamaica Ginger, Sulphur, Borax Copperas, Essences and Extracts of all kinds, Ginger, Spice, Pepper and Nutmeg. Why not lay in a supply of the above articles? T. D. Love, No. 24 North Water street. apr 9 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness. Apply to Jno. S. McEachern's Feed Store, 211 Market street. mar 19 tf

Music for receptions, balls, sociables and other entertainments furnished by John Francisco's String Band (colored). John Francisco, Italian Harpist, leader. Residence No. 204 Walnut street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 18 tf

V. Cammarlero has received two additional musicians to join with him for the formation of a Band, consisting of Harp, Violin and Flute, under name of Baltimore Italian String Band, and are open for engagements at 614 South Front street. Call on or address him when in need of the Band's services. mar 18 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. S. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

PEACH CREAM.

Lemon, Orange, Pineapple } Sherbet,

Vanila Cream, No Custard, Chocolate Cream, Bisque Cream.

Take Your Choice. Let us Have your Orders.

PALACE BAKERY,

NO. 119 MARKET STREET.

apr 14 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR. RIB SIDES. D. S. PLATES. PURE LARD. LARD COMPOUND. STAR LYE. MENDELSON'S LYE. TOMSON'S LYE. CRACKERS. PIC-NIC CHEESE. SUGAR. COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats. September Mullets.

e 1 tf

VIRGINIA MEAL.

1000 bushels Virginia Meal.
1200 bushels City Meal.
25 barrels White Fish.
53 kegs Mullets.
100 bushels Seed Peas.
340 bags Wheat Bran.
50 boxes Blue Ribbon Snuff.
140 boxes R. R. Snuff.
53 cases P. & M. Baking Powder.
114 cases Good Luck.
523 bales Hay.
100 bags Table Salt,

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

apr 21 tf

N. P. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

That my "Special Bargains" are genuine and real, hundreds of satisfied customers will affirm.

This week only—FIFTEEN SIDEBOARDS AT FACTORY COST. Terms one-half cash, balance May 15th.

Open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 P. M. apr 18 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties. Try them also.

Fresh supplies constantly arriving.

MERCER & EVANS.

apr 16 tf

"Gold Medal" Black Goods Are the best.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY AT

Johnson's,

No. 111 Market Street.

Samples sent if desired.

apr 9 tf

IT'S AN ILL WIND THAT BLOWS NO GOOD

To any competitor who, in order to palm off inferior Flour tells a buyer that his is "just as good" as a competitors—he thereby owns up his is second best. It is pretty hard to get blood out of a Turnip, so is it hard to get nice Flour from poor wheat.

The brands we offer are

"Stock's Best Patent,"

Q Q Q Q

Well known brands,

and having stood up against everything for ten years is still unequaled, as it is made from the highest quality of wheat, and highest cost of wheat.

Try it just once.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

apr 16 tf Sole Agents

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

This Bank offers to the business public unsurpassed facilities in every department. Accuracy, Safety and polite attention guaranteed.

Foreign Exchange bought and sold.

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Ask any Good Housekeeper

WHAT THEY KNOW ABOUT

Corneau's Bed Bug Interceptic

And they will tell you just what we have been telling you for years THAT IT IS THE BEST THING of its kind they ever used.

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JAS. D. NUTT, Druggist.

apr 6 tf

The Unlucky Corner.

Springfield Hams 12 1-2 cents.

Few days only.

Good heavy Horse for sale.

S. W. SANDERS.

apr 11 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

MAKING A MONKEY-JACK OF HIM

IS WHAT THEY ARE LIKELY TO DO TO YOU IN SHORT ORDER. DON'T ALLOW ANY ONE TO MAKE ONE OF YOU BY SELLING YOU AN ILL-FITTING, CHEAPLY-FINISHED SUIT, WHEN WE WILL MAKE YOU A PERFECT FITTING SUIT OF IMPORTED OR DOMESTIC GOODS AT PRICES WHICH WILL ASTONISH YOU.

OUR NEGLIGEE SHIRTS ARE UP-TO-DATE.

FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

M. H. CURRAN,

apr 15 tf 107 Princess street.

MONDAY, April 17th to 22nd, WILL BE BARGAIN WEEK AT The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

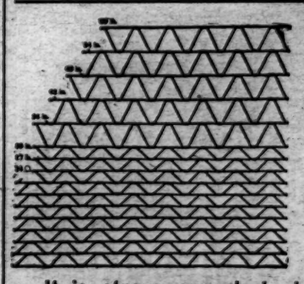
No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

Secure Hand Bill for list of Bargains. All Bargains will be CASH.

REMEMBER THE PLACE, DATE AND TERMS.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,

apr 16 tf ORIGINATORS OF BARGAIN SALES.



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IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

ja 15 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

A Warm Time Coming.

BE PREPARED!

We handle the best makes of

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, &c.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR NEW STOCK.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

ma 19 tf No. 114 N. Front Street.

MONDAY, April 17, to SATURDAY, April 22. Special Sales Week at REHDER'S,

FOURTH STREET.

GRANDEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED.

Read Circulars for Prices. Car fare paid on purchases of $3.00 and upward. Goods delivered promptly. Store open until 9 P. M.

REMEMBER, ONE WEEK ONLY.

apr 16 tf

A GREAT SURPRISE

awaits all who examine our fine stock of Furniture, when they see the handsome and comfortable Couches, Divans and Lounges that we are offering at such attractive prices. Our Combination Book Case and Desk at

$13.50

is something that you don't often find in Furniture Bargains.

We have just opened a beautiful line of FANCY ROCKERS, ranging in price from

$1.25 up.

Three floors full of all grades of Furniture. Don't think we haven't got it, but COME AND SEE.

Mattresses made and renovated.

Any kind of Furniture repaired and refinished by a first-class Cabinet-maker.

apr 15 tf **THE SNEED COMPANY.**

PICTURE FRAMES.

We have just received a fine line of LATEST STYLES in Picture Mouldings—Frames all sizes manufactured to order.

See Our Samples.

NEW SPRING STYLES IN WALL PAPER.

We are agents for Alfred Peat's and Richard Thibaut's celebrated Wall Paper—(extensively advertised all over the country.)

Balance of last season's stock of Paper at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

apr 16 tf **C. W. YATES & CO.**

MULLETS! MULLETS!

75 barrels Mullets.
100 barrels Sugar.
150 bags Coffee.
1700 barrels Flour.
1800 kegs Nails.
300 boxes Soap.
500 boxes Lye.

And quantities of other Groceries.

GET MY PRICES.

D. L. GORE,

apr 8 tf WHOLESALE GROCER, Wilmington, N. C.

New Arrivals

Daily in Staple and Fancy Groceries and Provisions.

We can interest the trade in

Sugar, Coffee, Flour, Salt, Molasses, &c.

GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

HALL & PEARSALL,

apr 11 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.